

This Patient Group Direction (PGD) must only be used by registered healthcare professionals who have been named and authorised by their organisation to practice under it. The most recent and in date final signed version of the PGD should be used.

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION (PGD)

Supply and/or administration of Ulipristal acetate 30mg tablet for emergency contraception

in Staffordshire

Version Number 3.1

Change History	
Version and Date	Change details
Version 1.0 March 2020	New template
Version 2.0 March 2023	Updated template (no clinical changes to expired V1)
Version 2.1 October 2023	Reworded exclusion and caution sections to reflect change in guidance re combined oral contraceptive, in line with updated FSRH guidance. Updated references.
Version 3.0 June 2024	Updated in line with updated FSRH guidance.
Version 3.1 July 2024	Updated Local service information and contact details.

PGD DEVELOPMENT GROUP

Date PGD template comes into effect:	1 st August 2024
Review date:	May 2026
Expiry date:	31 st July 2026

Reference Number: 3.1/2024

Valid from: 1st August 2024

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Expiry date: 31st July 2026

This PGD template has been peer reviewed by the Reproductive Health PGDs Short Life Working Group in accordance with their Terms of Reference. It has been approved by the Faculty for Sexual and Reproductive Health (FSRH) in October 2022.

This section MUST REMAIN when a PGD is adopted by an organisation.

Name	Designation
Dr Cindy Farmer	Chair General Training Committee Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)
Michelle Jenkins	Advanced Nurse Practitioner, Clinical Standards Committee Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)
Vicky Garner	Deputy Chief Midwife British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)
Gail Rowley	Quality Matron British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)
Katie Girling	British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)
Julia Hogan	CASH Nurse Consultant MSI Reproductive Choices
Kate Devonport	National Unplanned Pregnancy Association (NUPAS)
Chetna Parmar	Pharmacist adviser Umbrella
Helen Donovan	Royal College of Nursing (RCN)
Carmel Lloyd	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)
Clare Livingstone	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)
Kirsty Armstrong	National Pharmacy Integration Lead, NHS England
Dipti Patel	Local authority pharmacist
Emma Anderson	Centre for Postgraduate Pharmacy Education (CPPE)
Dr Kathy French	Specialist Nurse
Dr Sarah Pillai	Associate Specialist
Alison Crompton	Community pharmacist
Andrea Smith	Community pharmacist
Lisa Knight	Community Health Services pharmacist
Bola Sotubo	NHS North East London ICB pharmacist
Tracy Rogers	Director, Medicines Use and Safety, Specialist Pharmacy Service
Sandra Wolper	Associate Director Specialist Pharmacy Service
Jo Jenkins (Working Group Co-ordinator)	Lead Pharmacist PGDs and Medicine Mechanisms Specialist Pharmacy Service


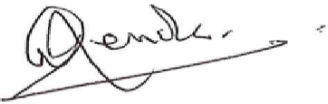


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Staffordshire Organisational Authorisations

Name	Job title and organisation	Signature	Date
Richard Harling	Director of Health & Care & Lead GP. Staffordshire County Council		30/07/2024
Dr Arabinda Kundu	Consultant/Clinical Lead in Sexual Health Midlands Partnership Foundation Trust		30/07/2024
Andrew Pickard	Pharmacy Advisor NHS Office of the West Midlands		30/07/2024
Dr Tania Cork	Chief Officer, North Staffordshire and Stoke-on-Trent Local Pharmaceutical Committee		30/07/2024

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1. Characteristics of staff

<p>1. Professional qualifications to be held by staff undertaking PGD</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered community pharmacists authorised by Central Health Solutions under contract to Staffordshire County Council to provide an Emergency Hormonal Contraception Service in line with EHC Service Specification.
<p>2. Competencies required to be held by staff undertaking this PGD</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has a clear understanding of the legal requirements to operate a PGD Patient group directions (nice.org.uk) Competent to follow and administer PGD showing clear understanding of indications for treatment (and subsequent actions to be taken), and the treatment itself. Has a clear understanding of the drug to be administered including side effects and contraindications. Individuals operating under this PGD have a personal responsibility to ensure their on-going competency by continually updating their knowledge and skills.
<p>3. Specialist qualifications, training, experience and competence considered relevant to the clinical condition treated under this PGD</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community pharmacist must be registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council. Completion of the current CPPE training packages on Emergency Contraception Emergency contraception : CPPE and Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults and Children Safeguarding children and adults at risk: a guide for the pharmacy team : CPPE Completion of the CPPE learning pack – Combating CSE: An e-learning resource for healthcare professionals is required. Combating CSE - An e-learning resource for healthcare professionals: CPPE Attendance at a local training event(s) approved by Staffordshire Council/Central Health Solutions is recommended where these are organised, but this is not a prerequisite for delivering this service.
<p>4. Ongoing training and competency</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individuals operating under this PGD are personally responsible for ensuring that they remain up to date with the use of all medicines and guidance included in the PGD - if any training needs are identified these should be addressed and further training provided as required. Organisational PGD and/or medication training as required by employing Trust/organisation.
<p>The decision to supply any medication rests with the individual registered health professional who must abide by the PGD and any associated organisational policies.</p>	

2. Clinical content of Patient Group Direction for emergency hormone contraception – Ulipristal Acetate 30mg

Reference Number: 3.1/2024

Valid from: 1st August 2024

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Indication	To reduce the risk of pregnancy after unprotected sexual intercourse (UPSI) or when regular contraception has been compromised or used incorrectly.
Aims	To reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies in Staffordshire through the supply of appropriate emergency hormonal contraception (EHC) to specific individuals by a community pharmacist.
Inclusion criteria	<p>Individuals should always be advised that the insertion of a copper intrauterine device (Cu-IUD) within five days of UPSI or within five days from earliest estimated ovulation, is the most effective method of emergency contraception. If the individual is referred on for a Cu-IUD, oral emergency contraception should be given at the time of the referral in case the Cu-IUD cannot be fitted or the individual changes their mind.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Informed consent given. 2. The individual is aged 13 years or over and presents between 0 and 120 hours of having sexual intercourse without using contraception or thinks their method of contraception may have failed i.e. Unprotected sexual intercourse, barrier/condom failure, missed pills (refer to current BNF), IUD expulsion, severe diarrhoea and vomiting which may have reduced oral contraception efficacy, allowed >89 days to elapse since the last medroxyprogesterone injection. 3. Individual presents within 120 hours of unprotected sexual intercourse and the UPSI is likely to have taken place during the 5 days prior to the estimated day of ovulation. As the date of ovulation usually occurs 14 days before the next expected period, individuals with longer menstrual cycles will ovulate later in the cycle. 4. If the individual has received Ulipristal Acetate 30mg (UPA-EC) under PGD, but has vomited or had severe diarrhoea within 3 hours of the dose (provided still within 120 hours of sexual intercourse) 5. The dose may be repeated in the same menstrual cycle should the need occur (but no more than two doses in any given cycle) 6. The individual is either unable or does not wish to attend for an appointment with their GP or Sexual Health Service, and is willing to accept the limited service available through pharmacy. Individuals must always be offered information regarding access to comprehensive contraception and sexual health

	<p>services available locally.</p> <p>7. If the individual is excluded for any reason from receiving a supply of Levonorgestrel (LNG-EC) via PGD, a supply of UPA-EC can be considered if the requirements of this PGD are met</p> <p>NB: If the individual weighs more than 70kg or has a BMI >26kg/m² the UPA-EC maybe less effective</p> <p>Under the terms of this PGD it is not possible to give EHC to the individual as a precautionary measure for future need against unprotected sex, neither should it be supplied via a third party.</p>
<p>Exclusion criteria</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Informed consent not given. 2. If more than 120 hours after unprotected sexual intercourse 3. The individual is aged under 13 years - refer to “Supply to young and vulnerable adults” person section for further details. 4. Individual is aged under 16 years old and is assessed as lacking capacity to consent using the Fraser Guidelines 5. The individual is already pregnant or they think they may be pregnant 6. If the individual has used hormonal contraception in the previous 7 days. Consider Cu-IUD or LNG-EC. 7. Any individual that presents within 120 hours of UPSI and the UPSI is not likely to have taken place during the 5 days prior to the estimated day of ovulation. 8. Breastfeeding, unless willing to suspend breastfeeding for 1 week 9. The individuals last period was late or last period was unusual (recommend a pregnancy test) 10. Unexplained genital bleeding or unexplained amenorrhoea 11. Less than 21 days following childbirth 12. Less than 5 days following abortion, miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy or uterine evacuation for gestational trophoblastic disease 13. Acute porphyria <p>Specific medical conditions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 14. Severe asthma controlled by oral glucocorticoids 15. Diabetes mellitus with nephropathy, retinopathy, neuropathy or vascular disease

16. Current liver disease or renal disease
17. Breast cancer or previous history of breast cancer
18. The individual suffers from an acute severe malabsorption syndrome such as inflammatory bowel disease
19. Known hypersensitivity to the active substance Ulipristal Acetate or any of the excipients contained in the product
20. Please note, UPA-EC contains lactose. Patients with known lactose intolerance are excluded and should be referred to a GP or the Sexual Health Clinic.

Medication

Any drug interaction where concomitant use of UPA-EC is contra- indicated. This includes;

- liver enzyme inducing drugs and for those individuals that have used enzyme inducing drugs within the past 4 weeks
- drugs that increase gastric PH
- concomitant use with ritonavir specifically.

Please refer to current BNF <https://bnf.nice.org.uk/> and SPC for full details <https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc>

Supply to young persons and vulnerable adults

If a young person (aged <16 years) requests Emergency Contraception, then they must be assessed for competency. If they are deemed as being 'Fraser Competent' then a supply can be made, but this must be documented in the records. If the young person is not deemed to be 'Fraser Competent' advice must be sought from **SCAS (Staffordshire Children's Advice and Support)** on: **0800 1313126** (or the **Emergency Duty Team** on **0345 6042886** outside of office hours). Practitioners should discuss with SCAS the remaining need for the child to have access to Emergency Contraception to prevent pregnancy.

Further guidance can be found at: [Gillick competence and Fraser guidelines | NSPCC Learning](#)

Pharmacists must be aware of, and comply with the relevant safeguarding expectations from Staffordshire Safeguarding Board: [Home - Staffordshire Safeguarding Children Board \(staffsscb.org.uk\)](#)

If a child under 13 years requests Emergency Contraception, and there is a reasonable concern that sexual activity has taken place, the pharmacist should always contact the **SCAS (Staffordshire Children's Advice and Support)** on **0800 1313 126** (or the **Emergency Duty Team** on **0345 6042886 outside of office hours**) and there must always be a presumption that the case will be referred to the Children's Social Care Services in the area where the child lives. A record of the referral should be maintained in the pharmacy.

Staffordshire Adult Safeguarding contact:

Telephone: **0345 604 2719** (Mon-Thurs 8.30am – 5pm, Fri 8.30am-4.30pm, excluding Bank Holidays) or **0345 604 2886** at any other time.

For policies and procedures relating to adults, with care and support needs, across Staffordshire please refer to the Staffordshire and Stoke-on-Trent Adult Partnership Board (SSASPB) at [Home \(ssaspb.org.uk\)](#)

If you think the child, young person or vulnerable adult is in immediate danger telephone 999

Management of excluded individuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the individual falls into the above Exclusion Criteria, UPA- EC cannot be issued. • Explain reason for exclusion and record within PharmOutcomes • If the individual is under 13 years of age, the Pharmacist should follow the local safeguarding procedures as outlined in the ‘Supply to young persons section’ • If the individual is currently breastfeeding and is unwilling to suspend breastfeeding for 1 week, consider a supply of LNG- EC via PGD if clinically appropriate. • If the individual is hypersensitive to UPA-EC, refer to their GP or Sexual Health Clinic • If the individual is excluded for any other reason under this PGD, consider making a supply via the LNG-EC PGD if clinically appropriate, or refer to their GP or Sexual Health Clinic.
Management of individuals requiring referral	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the individual declines treatment via the pharmacy service, then the benefits and risks must be clearly explained • If the individual wishes an emergency Cu-IUD please refer to their GP or Sexual Health Clinic. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ (NB. not all GPs can fit Cu- IUDs). Oral emergency contraception, if appropriate, should be given at the time of the referral in case the CuIUD cannot be fitted or the individual changes their mind. • Where an individual’s date of ovulation cannot be accurately determined, a supply of oral emergency hormonal contraception can only be made if; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The pharmacist deems that it is in the best interests of the individual to receive a supply, and; ○ The individual is specifically advised that post ovulation, oral emergency hormonal contraception may not be effective, and that further advice should be sought from their GP or Sexual Health Clinic • Advise the individual of alternative sources of treatment and provide relevant information as appropriate. • Advice given to individuals who require a referral must be recorded within PharmOutcomes

Reasons for seeking further advice from GP or Sexual Health Service	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any condition/scenario where the pharmacist is uncertain whether a supply should be made • Individual fulfils exclusion criteria • Breast cancer • Individual declining treatment via pharmacy service
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3. Description of treatment

Name, strength & formulation of drug	Ulipristal acetate 30mg tablet (UPA)
Legal classification	P medicine
Storage	Store below 25C in original container
Route of administration	Oral
Dose/frequency/duration of treatment	<p>One tablet to be taken as a single dose, within 120 hours of unprotected sexual intercourse (UPSI).</p> <p>UPA-EC can be supplied more than once in the same menstrual cycle should the need occur and it is clinically safe to do so.</p> <p>If the individual vomits or has severe diarrhoea within 3 hours of taking the tablet, another tablet should be taken, as long as this is within 120 hours of UPSI.</p>
Quantity to be supplied	One tablet to be taken as a single dose. The dose must be taken on the pharmacy premises
Cautions	<p>Pregnancy</p> <p>If pregnancy occurs after treatment with UPA-EC, the possibility of an ectopic pregnancy should be considered. The absolute risk of ectopic pregnancy is likely to be low, as UPA-EC inhibits or postpones ovulation. Ectopic pregnancy may continue despite the occurrence of uterine bleeding.</p>

	<p>Breast feeding</p> <p>UPA-EC is excreted in breast milk and the effects on newborn/infants have not been studied. Breastfeeding is not recommended for one week after taking UPA-EC.</p> <p>There are no additional precautions for use, but any supplies made are done so at the professional discretion of the Pharmacist on duty</p> <p>https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-guidance/documents/ceu-clinical-guidance-emergencycontraception-march-2017/</p>
<p>Side Effects</p>	<p>Individuals may experience;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nausea/abdominal pain/discomfort • Headaches • Dizziness/blurred vision • Pelvic pain/painful menses/breast tenderness • Tired/mood swings <p>Please refer to current BNF http://bnf.org/bnf and SPC www.medicines.org.uk/emc for full details</p> <p>All drug adverse reactions must be reported to MHRA via the Yellow Card System. An individual presenting with a suspected serious adverse drug reaction (ADR) should be referred to their GP.</p>

<p>Advice/follow up treatment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All individuals should be informed that fitting a Cu-IUD within five days of UPSI or within five days from the earliest estimated ovulation remains the most effective method of emergency contraception, and can be used post-ovulation • Oral emergency hormonal contraception may not be effective post ovulation • Patient Information Leaflets should be highlighted and given to all individuals supplied with UPA-EC • Provide local guide to Sexual Health services Individuals who vomit or have severe diarrhoea within 3 hours of taking UPA-EC should be advised to return to the pharmacy or visit their GP or Sexual Health Clinic. If the replacement dose would be later than 120 hours after unprotected intercourse, referral for a Cu-IUD should be advised and the tablet should not be issued • Explain mode of action, side effects, failure rates, benefits and how to take medication • UPA-EC may have minor or moderate influence on the ability to drive or use machinery; mild to moderate dizziness is common, blurred vision is uncommon. The individual should be informed not to drive or use machines if they are experiencing such symptoms.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss that UPA-EC only provides contraception for the recent episode not for any other events that may occur in the future • Careful and consistent use of a method of contraception as appropriate for the remainder of this cycle or until protective effect of hormonal contraception is restored needs to be advised. In case of delayed ovulation in the cycle, there is potentially an increased risk of pregnancy later in the cycle if contraception is not used. • After taking UPA-EC, a woman should not start a hormonal contraceptive method for at least 5 days and be advised to use barrier methods or to abstain from sex until effective hormonal contraceptive cover has been achieved (as explained in the bullet point below).
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> UPA-EC binds to the progesterone receptor with high affinity, which may interfere with the action of progestogen-containing medicinal products. Therefore, women should be advised to take additional contraceptive precautions when restarting a hormonal contraceptive method after 5 days. They should use a barrier contraceptive for an additional seven days (nine days for Qlaira) if using combined hormonal contraception (CHC), or for an additional 48 hours if using oral progestogen-only contraception (POP). In the specific situation in which an established CHC user restarts CHC after a hormone-free interval and then misses 2-7 pills in the first week of pill-taking (or makes an equivalent error with combined patch or ring use) UPA-EC may be offered, now with immediate restart of CHC and use of condoms for seven days (new recommendation for this specific scenario only) Changes to menstrual cycle (period may be early or late but most will have their next period within 7 days of the expected time) Individuals who receive UPA-EC should be advised to have a pregnancy test within 3 weeks of taking UPA-EC or if the next period is more than 7 days late or abnormal in anyway, they should go to their GP or Sexual Health clinic to exclude pregnancy. As with any pregnancy, the possibility of an ectopic pregnancy should be considered. It is important to know that the occurrence of uterine bleeding does not rule out ectopic pregnancy. Individuals who receive UPA-EC should be advised to visit their GP or Sexual Health clinic to discuss on going contraception. Discuss sexually transmitted infections and offer advice on screening and encourage condom use. UPA-EC is excreted in breast milk and therefore breastfeeding is not recommended for one week
	<p>after taking UPA-EC. During this time, it is recommended to express and discard the breast milk in order to stimulate lactation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If pregnancy has occurred following failure of UPAEC the individual should contact their GP or Sexual Health clinic. <p>Please refer to current BNF http://bnf.org/bnf/ or SPC for full details http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/</p>

4. Additional Information for Individuals before supply

Mode of Action	Inhibition or delay of ovulation
Risks	UPA-EC has been demonstrated to be effective for EC up to 120 hours after UPSI, with no significant variation of effectiveness over this time.
If already pregnant	The individual must be advised to contact GP or Sexual Health clinic as use of UPA-EC in pregnancy is contraindicated.
Adverse effects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nausea is common and up to 1 in 100 individuals are actually sick • The individual should be advised to return if they vomit within 3 hours of taking the dose because the treatment will not be effective, and they should obtain an additional supply • Changes to menstrual cycle (period may be early or late but most will have their next period within 7 days of the expected time) • If treatment fails – increased risk of ectopic pregnancy, advise client to contact GP or Sexual Health Clinic • Abdominal pain/discomfort • Headaches • Dizziness/blurred vision (reference ability to drive or use machinery) • Pelvic pain/painful menses/breast tenderness • Tired/mood swings
Advice until next period	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss that UPA-EC only provides contraception for the recent episode not for any other events that may occur in the future • Careful and consistent use of a method of contraception as appropriate for the remainder of this cycle or until protective effect of hormonal contraception is restored needs to be advised. In case of delayed ovulation in the cycle, there is potentially an increased risk of pregnancy later in the cycle if contraception is not used.

5. Records and Follow-up

Reference Number: 3.1/2024
 Valid from: 1st August 2024
 Review date: May 2026
 Expiry date: 31st July 2026

<p>Supply</p>	<p>Individuals are required to take UPA-EC in the pharmacy.</p> <p>All individuals, whether supplied with treatment or not should be given the patient leaflet and local guide to Sexual Health Services.</p> <p>Sexual Health Clinics in Staffordshire are run by Inclusion - Midlands Partnership NHS Foundation Trust (MPFT) under the brand name OpenClinic.</p> <p>The Single Point of Access Telephone Number for OpenClinic is: 0808 178 0955</p> <p>Opening times, further information and appointment booking is now available online for Sexual Health Clinics across Staffordshire via the OpenClinic website: Home - Open Clinic</p>
<p>Records/Audit trail</p>	<p>Record: Enter details onto the relevant module within PharmOutcomes or complete the paper proforma if unable to access PharmOutcomes at the time of the consultation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The consent of the individual and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If individual is under 13 years of age record action taken ○ If individual is under 16 years of age document capacity using Fraser guidelines. If not, competent record action taken. ○ If individual over 16 years of age and not competent, record action taken ○ Records should be retained for adults for a period of 10 years after attendance and for children until the child is 25 years old. • Name of individual, address, date of birth • GP contact details where appropriate • Relevant past and present medical history, including medication history. Examination finding where relevant e.g. weight • Any known drug allergies • Name of registered health professional operating under the PGD • Name of medication supplied • Date of supply • Dose supplied • Quantity supplied including batch number and expiry date in line with local procedures. • Advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines treatment

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken • Advice given about the medication including side effects, benefits, and when and what to do if any concerns • Any referral arrangements made. If a safeguarding referral is made, a record of the referral must be maintained in the pharmacy • Any supply outside the terms of the product marketing authorisation • Recorded that supplied via Patient Group Direction (PGD) • If the individual is excluded, a record of the reason for exclusion must be documented and any specific advice given. <p>Records should be signed and dated (or a password-controlled e-records) and securely kept for a defined period in line with local policy.</p> <p>All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous.</p> <p>A record of all individuals receiving treatment under this PGD should also be kept for audit purposes in accordance with local policy.</p>
Reporting adverse drug reactions	All adverse reactions (ADR) must be reported to MHRA via the Yellow Card System . An individual presenting with a suspected serious ADR should be referred to their GP.
Date last reviewed: July 2024	Date for next review: May 2026
Expiry date: 31st July 2026	Version No: 3.1 / 2024

6. Key references and Glossary

References	<p>Electronic Medicines Compendium - Home - electronic medicines compendium (emc)</p> <p>Electronic BNF - BNF British National Formulary - NICE</p> <p>FSRH – Clinical Guidance Emergency Contraception (amended Dec 2017) - FSRH Clinical Guideline: Emergency Contraception (March 2017, amended July 2023) - Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare</p>
glossary	<p>UPA-EC Ulipristal Acetate 30mg tablet</p> <p>LNG-EC Levonorgestrel 1500mcg tablet</p> <p>BNF – British National Formulary</p> <p>SPC – Summary of Product Characteristics</p> <p>PIL – Patient Information Leaflet</p> <p>PGD – Patient Group Direction</p> <p>FSRH – Faculty Sexual & Reproductive Health</p> <p>UKMEC – UK Medical Eligibility for Contraceptive Use</p>

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Register of practitioners qualified to supply Ulipristal Acetate 30mg via PGD

Operation of this PGD is the responsibility of the commissioner and service providers.

The practitioner must be authorised by name, under the current version of this PGD before working according to it.

Practitioners and organisations must check that they are using the current version of the PGD. Amendments may become necessary prior to the published expiry date. Contractors who are commissioned to provide the service will be notified of any amendments, and provided with updated documentation for use by individual practitioners.

Central Health Solutions under contract to Staffordshire County Council authorise this PGD for use by accredited Community Pharmacists delivering the service from community pharmacies that meet the requirements as outlined in the service specification and that have been commissioned by Central Health Solutions

This page must be completed and retained by each individual Pharmacist who intends to work in accordance with this PGD.

Professional Responsibility and Declaration

- I have successfully completed the relevant training as outlined in the Service Specification and this Patient Group Direction
- I agree to maintain my clinical knowledge appropriate to my practice in order to maintain competence to deliver this service
- I am a registered pharmacist with the General Pharmaceutical Council
- I confirm that indemnity insurance is in place to cover my scope of practice
- I have read and understood the Patient Group Direction and agree to supply this medicine only in accordance with this PGD
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Name	Designation	Signature	Date

PGDs DO NOT REMOVE INHERENT PROFESSIONAL OBLIGATIONS OR ACCOUNTABILITY

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